



2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

BLUE Springs Water Association Public Water System Name

030002

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR.

procedures when distributing the CCR.		
	ON (Check all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publicat	ion, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
d Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement	ent)	
F On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below	N)	
□ Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication.	water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email me	essage	
Number Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published of	CCR or proof of publication)	Msy
ថ្ម Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		may
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):	h Hps: 11 msrwa.org /2020 co	erlbluesprings poly Ma
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the and correct and is consistent with the water quality monit Water Supply.	SDWA. I further certify that the inform	nation included in this CCR is true
SUBMISSION OP	TIONS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or	mail a copy of the CCR and Certificat	tion to the MSDH.
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.	ms.gov
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)

CCR DEADLINE TO MSDH & CUSTOMERS: BY JULY 1, 2021

Jackson, MS 39215

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Blue Springs Water Association PWS#: 0730002 April 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Coffee Sand and Eutaw Formation Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Blue Springs Water Association have received lower to moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Sandra Boland at 662.534.2021. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Thursday of each month at 6:00 P.M. at East Union Fire Dept.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) - picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

		v	T	<u>EST RESUL</u>	TS		***		
Contaminant	Violation	Date	Level	Range of Detects	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source	of Contamination
	Y/N	Collected	Detected	or # of Samples	Measure-				
				Exceeding	ment				
				MCL/ACL					
Dadiaaativ	e Conta	minants							
Kannachv									
6. Radium 226	N	2019*	.32	No Range	pCi/L	0		5	Erosion of natu

Inorganic (Lonta	ımınants							
8. Arsenic	N	2018*	1	₋ 9 - 1	ppb		n/a	€ .	10 Erosion of natural deposits; runof from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2018*	.1931	.18431931	ppm		2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2018*	2.1	1.9 – 2.1	ppb		100	10	OD Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.1	0	ppm		1.3	AL=1	 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2018*	.114	.104114	ppm		4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	4	0	ppb		0	AL=	15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	45000	43000 - 45000	ppb		0		Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection	n By-	Products	8						
81. HAA5	N	2020	22	No Range	ppb	0			By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2020	1.78	No Range	ppb	0		80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	1	1- 1	mg/l	0	MDF	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, however, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Blue Springs Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, LEE COUNTY:

Personally appeared before me, Kallen A. Donald, Notary Public, in and for	r said County
and State, William H. Bronson, III , Publisher, of a newspaper printed and pu	ıblished in the
City of Tupelo, Lee County, Mississippi, called The Northeast Mississippi Daily	Journal, who
being duly sworn, deposes and says that the publication of a certain notice, a true co	py of which is
hereunto attached, has been made in said newspaper for weeks consecutively t	o-wit:
Vol. 148. No. 49 Date May 19th 20 21	
Vol No. Date 20	
Vol No. Date 20	
Vol No. Date 20	
Vol. No. Date 20	
Vol No. Date 20	
Weller Bruste , Publisher	
164	
Witness my hand and seal thisday	
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Kall a Dada Notary	
, round	
OF MISSIS	
18.50 sem al 0.3	
KALLEN A DONALD	
Commission Expires	
June 17, 2024	
Kall a. Dal , Notary	

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TEST RESULTS Range of Detects or # of Samples Unit Measur mont Contaminant Violation Y/N Date Level MCLG MCL Likely Source of Contamination Collected Detected Exceeding MCL/ACL Radioactive Contaminants pCI/L Radium 226 Radium 226 N No Rango 2019 5 Erosion of natural deposits **Inorganic Contaminants**

8 Arsenic	N	2018*	1	9 - 1	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10 Barium	N	2018*	1931	1843 - 1931	ppm	2	2	
13, Chromium	N	2018*	2.1	1.9 – 2.1	ррь	100	100	
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.1	0	ppm	1,3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluorido	N	2018*	114	104 - 114	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes atrong tooth: discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17 Lead	N	2018/20	4	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2019*	45000	43000 - 45000	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents

Disinfection By-Products

81. HAA5	2	2020	22	No Range	ppb	. 0	60	By-Product of drinking water	
82. TTHM [Total tribalomethanes]	N	2020	1.78	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
Chlorine	N	2020	1	1-1	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control	

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BLUE SPRINGS WATER ASSN P.O. BOX 95 BLUE SPRINGS, MS 38828 (662) 534-2021

NEW ALBANY MS

BLUE SPRINGS WATER ASSN

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5/24/21

Danny Gibson 1119 CR 209

Blue Springs MS 38828

4 6 6 (28.15)

CCR Report now available at: https://msrwa.org/2020ccr/bluesprings.pdf

CUT OFF DATE: 06-24-2021
!!! ONLINE BILLPAY!!! Now Available at:

www.BlueSpringsWaterMs.com

CCR report was posted at the following locations:

- 1. Anderson Grocery
- 2. Blue Springs Grocery

Online at following locations:

- https://www.bluespringswaterms.com/ccr/
- 2. https://msrwa.org/2020ccr/bluespringspdf